Uniform Mitigation Verification Inspection Form

Maintain a copy of this form and any documentation provided with the insurance policy

Inspect	Inspection Date: 04/21/2022						
Owner Information							
	Owner Name: Woodlake Condo Assn Inc Contact Person:						
	s: 2058 Sunset Point Rd. Unit		·18		Home Phone:		
	learwater	Zip: 33765			Work Phone:		
	: Pinellas	1	r. 33.33		Cell Phone:		
Insuran	ce Company:	l .			Policy #:		
Year of	`Home: 1973	# of Stories: 2	# of Stories: 2		Email:		
accomp though	Any documentation used in voany this form. At least one plot. The insurer may ask addit	notograph must accompa ional questions regardin	any this form to val ng the mitigated feat	idate each attribute marked ure(s) verified on this form	d in questions 3 a.		
	 Building Code: Was the structure built in compliance with the Florida Building Code (FBC 2001 or later) OR for homes located in the HVHZ (Miami-Dade or Broward counties), South Florida Building Code (SFBC-94)? A. Built in compliance with the FBC: Year Built For homes built in 2002/2003 provide a permit application with a date after 3/1/2002: Building Permit Application Date (MM/DD/YYYY)/////						
	B. For the HVHZ Only: Built in compliance with the SFBC-94: Year Built For homes built in 1994, 1995, and 1996 provide a permit application with a date after 9/1/1994: Building Permit Application Date (MM/DD/YYYY)/////						
~		•					
OR	of Covering: Select all roof covery Year of Original Installation/Resering identified.				nce for each roof		
	2.1 Roof Covering Type:	Permit Application Date	FBC or MDC Product Approval #	Year of Original Installation or Replacement	No Information Provided for Compliance		
	✓ 1. Asphalt/Fiberglass Shingle	10/27/2021	BCP2021-100741	2021			
	2. Concrete/Clay Tile						
	3. Metal				П		
	4. Built Up						
	5. Membrane				H		
	6. Other				H		
A. All roof coverings listed above meet the FBC with a FBC or Miami-Dade Product Approval listing current at time of installation OR have a roofing permit application date on or after 3/1/02 OR the roof is original and built in 2004 or later. B. All roof coverings have a Miami-Dade Product Approval listing current at time of installation OR (for the HVHZ only) a roofing permit application after 9/1/1994 and before 3/1/2002 OR the roof is original and built in 1997 or later. C. One or more roof coverings do not meet the requirements of Answer "A" or "B". D. No roof coverings meet the requirements of Answer "A" or "B". 3. Roof Deck Attachment: What is the weakest form of roof deck attachment? A. Plywood/Oriented strand board (OSB) roof sheathing attached to the roof truss/rafter (spaced a maximum of 24" inches o.c.)							
	by staples or 6d nails spaced at 6" along the edge and 12" in the fieldOR- Batten decking supporting wood shakes or wood shinglesOR- Any system of screws, nails, adhesives, other deck fastening system or truss/rafter spacing that has an equivalent mean uplift less than that required for Options B or C below. B. Plywood/OSB roof sheathing with a minimum thickness of 7/16"inch attached to the roof truss/rafter (spaced a maximum of 24"inches o.c.) by 8d common nails spaced a maximum of 12" inches in the fieldOR- Any system of screws, nails, adhesives, other deck fastening system or truss/rafter spacing that is shown to have an equivalent or greater resistance than 8d nails spaced a maximum of 12 inches in the field or has a mean uplift resistance of at least 103 psf.						
~	C. Plywood/OSB roof sheathin 24"inches o.c.) by 8d common decking with a minimum of 2 n	nails spaced a maximum ails per board (or 1 nail p	of 6" inches in the for board if each board	ieldOR- Dimensional lumbrd is equal to or less than 6 is	per/Tongue & Groove		
Inspect	tors Initials _BTK_ Property Ad	Idress 2058 Sunset Poil	nt Rd. Units 11-18,	Clearwater , 33765			

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or greater resistance than 8d common nails spaced a maximum of 6 inches in the field or has a mean uplift resistance of at lea 182 psf.
D. Reinforced Concrete Roof Deck.
E. Other:
F. Unknown or unidentified.
G. No attic access.
4. Roof to Wall Attachment: What is the WEAKEST roof to wall connection? (Do not include attachment of hip/valley jacks with
5 feet of the inside or outside corner of the roof in determination of WEAKEST type)
A. Toe Nails
Truss/rafter anchored to top plate of wall using nails driven at an angle through the truss/rafter and attached the top plate of the wall, or
Metal connectors that do not meet the minimal conditions or requirements of B, C, or D
Minimal conditions to qualify for categories B, C, or D. All visible metal connectors are:
Secured to truss/rafter with a minimum of three (3) nails, and
Attached to the wall top plate of the wall framing, or embedded in the bond beam, with less than a ½" gap from the blocking or truss/rafter and blocked no more than 1.5" of the truss/rafter, and free of visible severe corrosion.
B. Clips
Metal connectors that do not wrap over the top of the truss/rafter, or
Metal connectors with a minimum of 1 strap that wraps over the top of the truss/rafter and does not meet the na position requirements of C or D, but is secured with a minimum of 3 nails.
C. Single Wraps
Metal connectors consisting of a single strap that wraps over the top of the truss/rafter and is secured with minimum of 2 nails on the front side and a minimum of 1 nail on the opposing side.
D. Double Wraps
Metal Connectors consisting of 2 separate straps that are attached to the wall frame, or embedded in the bond beam, on either side of the truss/rafter where each strap wraps over the top of the truss/rafter and is secured with a minimum of 2 nails on the front side, and a minimum of 1 nail on the opposing side, or
Metal connectors consisting of a single strap that wraps over the top of the truss/rafter, is secured to the wall on both sides, and is secured to the top plate with a minimum of three nails on each side.
E. Structural Anchor bolts structurally connected or reinforced concrete roof. F. Other:
G. Unknown or unidentified
H. No attic access
5. Roof Geometry: What is the roof shape? (Do not consider roofs of porches or carports that are attached only to the fascia or wall of the host structure over unenclosed space in the determination of roof perimeter or roof area for roof geometry classification).
A. Hip Roof Hip roof with no other roof shapes greater than 10% of the total roof system perimeter.
Total length of non-hip features: feet; Total roof system perimeter: feet
B. Flat Roof Roof on a building with 5 or more units where at least 90% of the main roof area has a roof slope of less than 2:12. Roof area with slope less than 2:12 sq ft; Total roof area sq ft
C. Other Roof Any roof that does not qualify as either (A) or (B) above.
6. Secondary Water Resistance (SWR): (standard underlayments or hot-mopped felts do not qualify as an SWR) A. SWR (also called Sealed Roof Deck) Self-adhering polymer modified-bitumen roofing underlayment applied directly to the sheathing or foam adhesive SWR barrier (not foamed-on insulation) applied as a supplemental means to protect the dwelling from water intrusion in the event of roof covering loss.
B. No SWR.
C. Unknown or undetermined.
Inspectors Initials 676 Property Address 2058 Sunset Point Rd. Units 11-18, Clearwater , 33765
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Any system of screws, nails, adhesives, other deck fastening system or truss/rafter spacing that is shown to have an equivalent

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7. Opening Protection: What is the weakest form of wind borne debris protection installed on the structure? First, use the table to determine the weakest form of protection for each category of opening. Second, (a) check one answer below (A, B, C, N, or X) based upon the lowest protection level for ALL Glazed openings and (b) check the protection level for all Non-Glazed openings (.1, .2, or .3) as applicable.

Opening Protection Level Chart		Glazed Openings			Non-Glazed Openings		
openi form	an "X" in each row to identify all forms of protection in use for each ng type. Check only one answer below (A thru X), based on the weakest of protection (lowest row) for any of the Glazed openings and indicate eakest form of protection (lowest row) for Non-Glazed openings.	Windows or Entry Doors	Garage Doors	Skylights	Glass Block	Entry Doors	Garage Doors
N/A	Not Applicable- there are no openings of this type on the structure		Х	X	Χ		Χ
Α	Verified cyclic pressure & large missile (9-lb for windows doors/4.5 lb for skylights)						
В	Verified cyclic pressure & large missile (4-8 lb for windows doors/2 lb for skylights)						
С	Verified plywood/OSB meeting Table 1609.1.2 of the FBC 2007						
D	Verified Non-Glazed Entry or Garage doors indicating compliance with ASTM E 330, ANSI/DASMA 108, or PA/TAS 202 for wind pressure resistance						
N	Opening Protection products that appear to be A or B but are not verified						
IN	Other protective coverings that cannot be identified as A, B, or C						
Х	No Windborne Debris Protection	Χ					
] <u>A</u>	. Exterior Openings Cyclic Pressure and 9-lb Large Missile (4.5 lb		hts only	All Glaze	d openi	ngs are	orotecte
– a sy	minimum, with impact resistant coverings or products listed as wind by stem of the State of Florida or Miami-Dade County and meet the required Large Missile Impact" (Level A in the table above). • Miami-Dade County PA 201, 202, and 203 • Florida Building Code Testing Application Standard (TAS) 20	o for skylig porne debris nirements o	s protecti f one of t	on devices	in the p	ngs are poroduct a	approval
– a sy	minimum, with impact resistant coverings or products listed as wind by stem of the State of Florida or Miami-Dade County and meet the required Large Missile Impact" (Level A in the table above). • Miami-Dade County PA 201, 202, and 203 • Florida Building Code Testing Application Standard (TAS) 20 • American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM) E 1886 are Southern Standards Technical Document (SSTD) 12	o for skylig porne debris nirements o	s protecti f one of t	on devices	in the p	ngs are poroduct a	approval
– a sy	minimum, with impact resistant coverings or products listed as wind by stem of the State of Florida or Miami-Dade County and meet the required Large Missile Impact" (Level A in the table above). • Miami-Dade County PA 201, 202, and 203 • Florida Building Code Testing Application Standard (TAS) 20 • American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM) E 1886 and 1885.	o for skylig porne debris nirements o	s protecti f one of t	on devices	in the p	ngs are poroduct a	approval
– a sy	minimum, with impact resistant coverings or products listed as wind by stem of the State of Florida or Miami-Dade County and meet the required Large Missile Impact" (Level A in the table above). • Miami-Dade County PA 201, 202, and 203 • Florida Building Code Testing Application Standard (TAS) 20 • American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM) E 1886 and Southern Standards Technical Document (SSTD) 12 • For Skylights Only: ASTM E 1886 and ASTM E 1996	o for skylig borne debri- nirements o 01, 202, <u>and</u> and ASTM I	s protecti f one of t 203 E 1996	on devices	in the p	ngs are poroduct a	approva

X in the table above
A.3 One or More Non-Glazed Openings is classified as Level B, C, N, or X in the table above
B. Exterior Opening Protection- Cyclic Pressure and 4 to 8-lb Large Missile (2-4.5 lb for skylights only) All Glazed openings are protected, at a minimum, with impact resistant coverings or products listed as windborne debris protection devices in the product approval system of the State of Florida or Miami-Dade County and meet the requirements of one of the following for "Cyclic Pressure and Large Missile Impact" (Level B in the table above):
• ASTM E 1886 <u>and</u> ASTM E 1996 (Large Missile – 4.5 lb.)
• SSTD 12 (Large Missile – 4 lb. to 8 lb.)
• For Skylights Only: ASTM E 1886 and ASTM E 1996 (Large Missile - 2 to 4.5 lb.)
B.1 All Non-Glazed openings classified as A or B in the table above, or no Non-Glazed openings exist
B.2 One or More Non-Glazed openings classified as Level D in the table above, and no Non-Glazed openings classified as Level C, N, or X in the table above
B.3 One or More Non-Glazed openings is classified as Level C, N, or X in the table above
C. Exterior Opening Protection- Wood Structural Panels meeting FBC 2007 All Glazed openings are covered with plywood/OSB meeting the requirements of Table 1609.1.2 of the FBC 2007 (Level C in the table above).
C.1 All Non-Glazed openings classified as A, B, or C in the table above, or no Non-Glazed openings exist
C.2 One or More Non-Glazed openings classified as Level D in the table above, and no Non-Glazed openings classified as Level N or X in the table above

C.3 One or More Non-Glazed openings is classified as Level N or X in the table above

Inspectors Initials 614 Property Address 2058 Sunset Point Rd. Units 11-18, Clearwater , 33765

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N. Exterior Opening Protection (unverified shutter systems with no documentation) All Glazed openings are protected with protective coverings not meeting the requirements of Answer "A", "B", or C" or systems that appear to meet Answer "A" or "B"						
with no documentation of compliance (Level N in the table above).						
	N.1 All Non-Glazed openings classified as Level A, B, C, or N in the table above, or no Non-Glazed openings exist					
N.2 One or More Non-Glazed openings classified as Level table above	D in the table above, and no No	on-Glazed openings classified as Level X in the				
N.3 One or More Non-Glazed openings is classified as Lev	el X in the table above					
X. None or Some Glazed Openings One or more Glaz	ed openings classified and L	evel X in the table above.				
MITIGATION INSPECTIONS MUST BE CERTIFIED BY A QUALIFIED INSPECTOR. Section 627.711(2), Florida Statutes, provides a listing of individuals who may sign this form.						
Qualified Inspector Name: Ben Koenn	License Type: Home Inspector	License or Certificate #: HI12896				
Inspection Company: RMC Inspections, Inc		Phone: 727-422-7688				
Qualified Inspector – I hold an active license as a	: (check one)					
Home inspector licensed under Section 468.8314, Florida Statutes who has completed the statutory number of hours of hurricane mitigation training approved by the Construction Industry Licensing Board and completion of a proficiency exam. Building code inspector certified under Section 468.607, Florida Statutes. General, building or residential contractor licensed under Section 489.111, Florida Statutes. Professional engineer licensed under Section 471.015, Florida Statutes. Professional architect licensed under Section 481.213, Florida Statutes. Any other individual or entity recognized by the insurer as possessing the necessary qualifications to properly complete a uniform mitigation verification form pursuant to Section 627.711(2), Florida Statutes.						
Individuals other than licensed contractors licensed under		tatutes, or professional engineer licensed				
under Section 471.015, Florida Statues, must inspect the st						
<u>Licensees under s.471.015 or s.489.111 may authorize a dir</u> experience to conduct a mitigation verification inspection.	ect employee wno possesse	s the requisite skill, knowledge, and				
Dan Kaann	and I nersonally performed	the inspection or (licensed				
(print name)	ind I personany periormed	the inspection of (weekseu				
contractors and professional engineers only) I had my empl	oyee ((print name (perform the inspection				
and I agree to be responsible for his/her work.	(ргий паше о	or inspector)				
Qualified Inspector Signature:	ر Date: <u>04/21</u>	/2022				
An individual or entity who knowingly or through gross negligence provides a false or fraudulent mitigation verification form is						
subject to investigation by the Florida Division of Insurance Fraud and may be subject to administrative action by the appropriate licensing agency or to criminal prosecution. (Section 627.711(4)-(7), Florida Statutes) The Qualified Inspector who						
certifies this form shall be directly liable for the misconduct of employees as if the authorized mitigation inspector personally performed the inspection.						
Homeowner to complete: I certify that the named Qualifie	d Inspector or his or her emp	ployee did perform an inspection of the				
residence identified on this form and that proof of identification was provided to me or my Authorized Representative.						
Signature: Date: 04/21/2022						
An individual or entity who knowingly provides or utters a false or fraudulent mitigation verification form with the intent to obtain or receive a discount on an insurance premium to which the individual or entity is not entitled commits a misdemeanor of the first degree. (Section 627.711(7), Florida Statutes)						
The definitions on this form are for inspection purposes only and cannot be used to certify any product or construction feature as offering protection from hurricanes.						
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Inspector Training Certificate





































